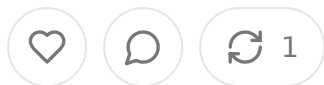


The Care Coordination Revolution: How Pair Team Cracked the Code on America's Hardest Healthcare Problem

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ABSTRACT

Pair Team's publication in the Journal of General Internal Medicine represents what may be the most important breakthrough in Medicaid care delivery in a generation. Working with the most complex patient population imaginable—52% experiencing homelessness, 50% with serious mental illness, 46% with extreme baseline emergency department and hospital utilization—Pair Team achieved results that seem almost impossible: 52% reduction in emergency department visits, 26% reduction in inpatient admissions, 21% increase in appropriate outpatient care, and 4-point improvement in depression scores. These outcomes were delivered through three game-changing innovations: treating community-based organizations as paid infrastructure partners rather than free referral sources, deploying clinical teams directly into communities rather than waiting for patients to navigate complex healthcare systems, and building Arc, an AI-enabled platform that coordinates care across the entire medical and social ecosystem. This analysis examines why Pair Team's approach represents a fundamental reimaging of care delivery, why the timing for scaling this model has never been better, and why this could become one of the most significant healthcare companies of the next decade.

INTRODUCTION

Every few years, a company emerges that does not just improve on existing approaches but fundamentally reimagines how an entire category of healthcare should work. These are the companies that create new markets, that prove everyone else was thinking too small, and that ultimately define how an entire generation of healthcare gets delivered. Pair Team's recently published study in the Journal of General Internal Medicine suggests we are watching exactly this kind of company emerge.

The numbers alone are extraordinary. A 52% reduction in emergency department visits for a population where half are experiencing homelessness and half have serious mental illness. A 26% reduction in hospital admissions for patients whose baseline utilization was already off the charts. A 21% increase in outpatient visits, showing patients are engaging with preventive care rather than just avoiding emergency services. A 4-point improvement in PHQ-9 depression scores, demonstrating mental health gains alongside utilization changes. These are not marginal improvements

achieved through modest optimizations. These are transformational outcomes that suggest Pair Team has solved problems that the entire healthcare industry has been struggling with for decades.

But the really exciting story is not just what Pair Team has achieved clinically. It's how they have built a model that can actually scale. They have formalized partnerships with community-based organizations in ways that create sustainable ecosystems rather than depending on goodwill. They have deployed clinical teams in community settings, eliminating the access barriers that make traditional primary care impossible for this population. And most importantly, they have built Arc, a technology platform that could become the infrastructure layer for an entirely new category of healthcare delivery.

This is the kind of company that makes venture capitalists wish they had written the first check. Massive addressable market—Medicaid covers over 80 million Americans and high-need patients represent billions in spending. Proven clinical model with peer-reviewed outcomes published in a top-tier journal. Technology platform with clear potential to scale beyond direct service delivery. Strong tailwinds from value-based payment transformation across Medicaid. And most importantly, a team that has actually figured out how to make this work operationally, not just in theory.

THE MULTI-BILLION DOLLAR PROBLEM EVERYONE GAVE UP ON

The opportunity Pair Team is addressing represents one of the largest untapped markets in American healthcare. Roughly 5% of Medicaid beneficiaries account for more than 50% of total Medicaid spending. These are patients with complex medical conditions, often compounded by behavioral health challenges, substance use disorders, and severe social determinants of health. They cycle through emergency departments and hospitals, generating enormous costs while receiving fragmented care that rarely addresses their underlying needs.

Healthcare has tried to solve this problem for decades. Health plans hired nurse care coordinators to make phone calls and send resource lists. Hospitals built

discharge planning programs to ensure patients had follow-up appointments. He systems launched medical home initiatives promising coordinated primary care. Dozens of startups raised hundreds of millions of dollars promising to crack the on care coordination through better technology, better data, or better predictive analytics.

The frustrating reality is that most of these efforts failed or produced modest results that barely moved the needle. But here is what makes Pair Team's moment so exciting: we now understand why those previous efforts failed, and Pair Team has systematically addressed each limitation. The Camden Coalition's randomized controlled trial, which showed no effect on utilization despite promising observational data, taught the industry crucial lessons. Dr. Jeffrey Brenner, the Camden Coalition's founder, identified "coordination to nowhere" as the core problem—you cannot coordinate care effectively when patients lack access to primary care and social services.

Pair Team built their entire model around solving exactly this problem. Where Camden coordinated referrals to overwhelmed primary care practices with six-week wait times, Pair Team employs nurse practitioners who see patients via telemedicine within days. Where traditional care coordination referred patients to community resources that may or may not have capacity, Pair Team built a network of community-based organizations that are paid partners with committed capacity. Where most interventions relied on community health workers without clinical authority, Pair Team created interdisciplinary pods with nurses, nurse practitioners, behavioral health specialists, and community health workers collaborating daily.

The market opportunity this creates is staggering. Medicaid spending on high-needs beneficiaries exceeds \$200 billion annually. California's CalAIM initiative, which created the Enhanced Care Management benefit that Pair Team delivers, represents a fundamental policy shift that makes intensive care coordination economically viable at scale. Other states are watching California closely and developing similar programs. The conditions for a massive market opportunity are all present, and Pair Team has demonstrated the clinical model that can capture it.

WHY PREVENTION FINALLY HAS REAL ECONOMICS

Healthcare has always struggled with the economics of prevention. The theory is compelling—spend money today to avoid more expensive interventions tomorrow but the practice has been much harder. Prevention programs cost money upfront while generating uncertain savings in the future, and in fee-for-service systems, savings often benefit different organizations than the ones paying for prevention.

The revolutionary aspect of Pair Team's achievement is that they have proven the economics work for the highest-need patients. Their JGIM study provides the evidence: patients averaged 3.3 program interactions per month, representing intensive engagement that would traditionally seem expensive. Yet this engagement drove a 52% reduction in emergency department visits and 26% reduction in hospital admissions. When you work the math, preventing even a fraction of these high-cost events generates savings that far exceed the cost of care coordination.

The economic breakthrough happens at three levels. First, California's Enhance Care Management benefit creates payment structures that fund intensive care coordination. This is not traditional care management with minimal reimbursement. ECM is designed to support the kind of high-touch intervention that actually changes outcomes. States and health plans finally recognize that adequately funding prevention is cheaper than paying for preventable crises.

Second, the patient population Pair Team serves has such high baseline utilization that the return on investment is dramatic. Traditional care coordination struggles to show ROI when applied to healthier populations where there is less utilization to prevent. But when you are working with patients who averaged multiple emergency department visits and hospital admissions annually before enrollment, the savings potential is enormous. The 94.3% rate of engagement within 30 days after emergency department or hospital discharge demonstrates that Pair Team is intervening at exactly the moments when patients are most vulnerable to repeat utilization.

Third, and perhaps most importantly, Pair Team has figured out how to deliver 1 touch care coordination efficiently. The interdisciplinary pod structure—three community health workers, one registered nurse, one behavioral health care manager and one nurse practitioner serving approximately 250 patients—creates a sustainable staff-to-patient ratio. The technology platform Arc automates coordination tasks that would otherwise require manual effort. The community-based organization partnerships provide social services without requiring Pair Team to build that infrastructure internally. This is not just clinical innovation—it is operational excellence that makes the business model actually work.

The patient outcomes tell the story even more powerfully. Post-enrollment, 52.7% of patients had an HbA1c lab record compared to just 22.3% pre-enrollment. Blood pressure monitoring increased from 74.3% to 81.7% of patients. These are indicators of patients actively managing chronic conditions rather than ignoring them until a crisis strikes. The 21% increase in outpatient visits shows patients engaging with preventive care. This is not just cost reduction through denying care—this is genuine health improvement that happens to cost less because it prevents expensive crises.

THE THREE BREAKTHROUGH INNOVATIONS THAT CHANGE EVERYTHING

Pair Team's model rests on three innovations that sound simple but represent genuine breakthroughs in how care coordination actually works. Understanding these innovations is essential to grasping why this model can succeed where dozens of previous attempts have failed.

The first innovation is treating community-based organizations as paid partners rather than free referral sources. This sounds obvious once you hear it, but it represents a fundamental reconceptualization of how care coordination works. Traditional models employ care coordinators who refer patients to food banks, shelters, and other community resources, but those resources receive no compensation for their role in keeping patients healthy. Community organizations operate on

shoestring budgets, face overwhelming demand, and have no particular reason to prioritize one patient over another.

Pair Team flipped this model entirely. When a patient needs food security, Pair Team does not just provide referrals—they partner with food providers and pay them for their services as part of the care team. When a patient needs housing support, they compensate shelter providers as formal partners in care delivery. This creates sustainable partnerships where community organizations have real incentives to participate actively in care coordination rather than treating referrals as one-off transactions.

The economic logic is straightforward and brilliant. Food security, stable housing, and other social services are not nice-to-have add-ons—they are essential infrastructure for keeping high-need patients healthy. We pay for medical infrastructure like imaging and lab work because we recognize they are necessary inputs to healthcare. Pair Team applies the same logic to social services, treating them as billable components of comprehensive care. California's CalAIM initiative supports this approach by allowing Enhanced Care Management providers to coordinate and bill for social services as part of the benefit.

This innovation solves the "coordination to nowhere" problem that doomed previous interventions. When Pair Team's community health workers identify that a patient needs food assistance, they can immediately connect that patient with a partner food bank that has committed capacity. The food bank knows they will be compensated for their services, creating strong incentives to follow through. The patient receives care that actually materializes rather than just another phone number to call.

The second innovation is deploying clinical teams directly into communities rather than expecting patients to navigate to clinical settings. Pair Team directly employs registered nurses and nurse practitioners who can provide clinical care in shelter homes, and community settings. This eliminates the access barriers that make traditional primary care often impossible for patients experiencing homelessness and severe social complexity.

The JGIM study reveals just how significant this innovation is. For patients with diabetes or hypertension, 25.1% and 21.4% of program interactions respectively with nurses or nurse practitioners. These are not just care coordination conversations—these are clinical encounters where medications get adjusted, symptoms get evaluated, and medical decisions get made. When a patient discharged from the hospital needs medication reconciliation, the nurse practitioner can handle it during a telemedicine visit or community encounter. When concerning symptoms emerge, clinical judgment is immediately available rather than routing through triage systems that often fail this population.

The contrast with traditional primary care access is stark. The study found that 40% of patients had not seen a primary care provider in the year before enrollment, with a median time since last primary care visit of 570 days. This is not because patients do not need primary care—it is because traditional primary care is structurally inaccessible to populations experiencing homelessness and severe social complexity. Transportation barriers, inability to keep appointments scheduled weeks in advance, lack of phone access for appointment reminders, and distrust of healthcare institutions all create insurmountable friction.

Pair Team's nurse practitioners see patients via telemedicine or in community settings within days rather than weeks, with schedules designed for extended visits that address patient needs. This is not just more convenient—it is a fundamentally different model of clinical access that actually works for this population. The 94% rate of patient engagement within 30 days of emergency department or hospital discharge, with 60.4% of those engagements including a nurse or nurse practitioner, demonstrates operational excellence in the hardest moments of care transitions.

The third innovation is Arc, the AI-enabled platform that coordinates care across medical and social ecosystems. This is the piece that makes everything else scalable and potentially the most valuable component of Pair Team's business model. High-touch care coordination generates enormous coordination challenges—tracking patients across multiple touchpoints, integrating data from clinical and social systems, identifying when patients need immediate attention, routing information

appropriate team members, and maintaining continuity as patients move between settings.

Arc handles these challenges through intelligent automation and integration. The platform connects to Health Information Exchanges and Admission Discharge Transfer systems, giving care teams real-time visibility when patients visit emergency departments or get hospitalized. This triggers automatic workflows ensuring rapid follow-up. Arc integrates clinical data from multiple sources, allowing nurses and nurse practitioners to see lab results, vital signs, and encounter notes from across the healthcare system. It coordinates the interdisciplinary pod meetings where team members review every patient at enrollment, at any major health status change, and at least quarterly on a routine basis.

The AI layer becomes essential when dealing with messy, real-world data from fragmented sources. Clinical systems use HL7 and FHIR standards, assuming you can get data access at all. Social service organizations often have minimal information systems. Behavioral health records have additional privacy protections. Community health workers document in free text. Machine learning can identify patterns in heterogeneous data, predict which patients need immediate attention, and adapt to circumstances that change. This is not AI for its own sake—it is applied intelligence solving genuine operational problems that make the difference between care coordination that works and care coordination that fails.

THE CLINICAL RESULTS THAT REWRITE WHAT'S POSSIBLE

Let us be very clear about what Pair Team accomplished, because the magnitude of their achievement cannot be overstated. They enrolled 568 patients where 52% were experiencing homelessness, 50% had serious mental illness, 46% were at risk for avoidable hospital or emergency department utilization, and 88% had not seen a primary care provider in the past year. This is precisely the population that everyone said was impossible to help effectively.

The outcomes achieved with this population are remarkable across every dimension. The 52% reduction in emergency department visits means that patients who were cycling through emergency departments regularly are now accessing appropriate care in appropriate settings. The 26% reduction in inpatient admissions represents prevented crises and better management of chronic conditions. The 21% increase in outpatient visits shows patients actively engaging with preventive care rather than avoiding the healthcare system until emergencies force their hand.

The mental health outcomes are equally impressive and often overlooked in discussions focused solely on utilization. Of patients with baseline and follow-up PHQ-9 data, 74.1% had depressive symptoms at baseline compared to just 36.1% post-enrollment period. Average PHQ-9 scores decreased by 4 points, a clinically meaningful improvement in depression. This is comprehensive improvement in patient wellbeing, not just shuffling where they receive care.

The chronic disease management improvements demonstrate proactive healthcare engagement. HbA1c testing rates increased from 22.3% to 52.7% of all patients, and from 50.5% to 82.5% among patients with diabetes. Blood pressure monitoring increased from 74.3% to 81.7% of all patients. These metrics indicate that patients are actively managing conditions that would otherwise lead to serious complications. A patient with diabetes who goes from no HbA1c testing to regular monitoring is on a completely different health trajectory.

The 94.3% rate of care team engagement within 30 days of emergency department hospital discharge deserves special emphasis. Transitions from hospital to community are notoriously difficult, with patients often getting lost in the gaps. Discharge instructions go missing, follow-up appointments get missed, medications are not taken or are taken incorrectly, and patients cycle back to the emergency department within days. Pair Team has essentially solved the transition of care problem for a population where most organizations struggle to achieve even basic follow-up contact.

What makes these results particularly credible and exciting is their publication in the *Journal of General Internal Medicine*, a respected peer-reviewed journal. This is not marketing fluff or carefully selected anecdotes—this is real evidence evaluated by

independent academic experts who deemed it worthy of publication in the medical literature. For health plans considering contracts, state Medicaid agencies designing programs, and investors evaluating opportunities, this kind of validation is enormously valuable and rare.

The study also demonstrates something crucial about well-designed care models when you systematically address the barriers that previous interventions ignored: you can achieve results that seem impossible with traditional approaches. Pair Team did not achieve these outcomes through heroic individual efforts that cannot scale. We achieved them through systematic deployment of a carefully designed care model supported by technology that makes the hard work of coordination actually manageable. The interdisciplinary pod structure, the community-based organization partnerships, the accessible nurse practitioners, and the Arc platform all work together to create something greater than the sum of its parts.

ARC: THE PLATFORM PLAY NOBODY SAID WAS COMING

Arc deserves special attention because it represents a potential business opportunity that extends far beyond Pair Team's direct service delivery. The challenge of coordinating care across fragmented medical and social service systems is not unique to Pair Team—it is fundamental to any organization trying to serve high-need populations. If Arc can solve this coordination problem effectively, it becomes a platform infrastructure with enormous market potential that could ultimately be more valuable than the direct service delivery business.

Consider what Arc enables operationally. It integrates clinical data from electronic health records, claims data from payers, admission discharge transfer alerts from hospitals, social service data from community organizations, and care team notes from Pair Team staff. It makes sense of this heterogeneous data, identifying patients who need attention and routing work to appropriate team members. It tracks interventions and outcomes across the entire care ecosystem, enabling performance measurement.

and continuous improvement. It does all of this in real time, enabling proactive rather than reactive care coordination.

The technical achievement required to build this is substantial and creates meaningful competitive advantages. Clinical systems use different data standards and require individual integration agreements. Social service organizations often lack sophisticated information systems, requiring flexible data capture methods. Behavioral health records face additional privacy protections under 42 CFR Part 164. Health Information Exchanges provide data in varying formats and quality levels. Integrating these data sources requires technical sophistication, deep operational understanding of care coordination workflows, and relationships with diverse organizations.

The AI layer becomes essential when dealing with this messy, real-world data environment. Rules-based systems break down when data is inconsistent, incomplete, or arrives with unpredictable timing. Machine learning can identify patterns that indicate a patient needs immediate attention—perhaps a combination of missed appointments, emergency department visits, changes in engagement patterns, and social circumstances that together predict high risk of crisis. The system can adapt as it learns which patterns actually predict outcomes, becoming more effective over time.

The study provides glimpses of how Arc creates operational leverage. The 94.3% of care team engagement within 30 days of emergency department or hospital discharge happens because Arc receives admission discharge transfer alerts and automatically triggers outreach workflows. The interdisciplinary pod meetings where care teams review every patient systematically are managed through Arc, ensuring no patient falls through cracks. The ability to track that patients averaged 3.3 program interactions per month, with specific breakdowns by care team member type, demonstrates sophisticated operational analytics that enable continuous improvement.

The market opportunity for Arc as a standalone platform is potentially enormous and could ultimately define Pair Team's value creation. Every organization doing serious care coordination for high-need populations faces similar integration and

coordination challenges. Health plans managing Medicaid contracts, accountable organizations serving complex patients, health systems with value-based arrangements, other Enhanced Care Management providers in California, and state Medicaid agencies across the country all need better infrastructure for coordinating care across fragmented systems.

Arc could become the Salesforce of care coordination—the infrastructure layer that everyone building in this space relies on. The strategic brilliance of building Arc while delivering direct services is that Pair Team gains operational insights that purely technology companies cannot replicate. They understand exactly what care coordinators need because they employ care coordinators. They know which data integrations matter most because they use the platform daily. They can iterate rapidly based on real-world feedback from their own teams.

This creates multiple paths to value creation that make Pair Team particularly attractive from an investment perspective. They use Arc internally to deliver better, more efficient care coordination, improving their unit economics and enabling scale of the direct service business. They can license Arc to other Enhanced Care Management providers, health plans, and care coordination organizations, creating a software revenue stream with much better gross margins than service delivery. They could eventually spin out Arc as a standalone platform company if market conditions warrant. This optionality is exactly what sophisticated investors seek—multiple paths to building an enormously valuable company.

PROFESSIONALIZING COMMUNITY HEALTH WORK

One of Pair Team's most important and often overlooked innovations is how they have professionalized the role of community health workers, transforming what has historically been seen as an entry-level position into a skilled profession with real career pathways. This innovation matters enormously for building a scalable model and creating competitive advantages that are difficult to replicate.

Historically, community health workers have been positioned as entry-level roles with modest compensation, limited professional development, and high turnover. This creates a vicious cycle where the constant churn in care coordinators destroys the patient relationships that make care coordination effective. Patients who have finally started trusting a care coordinator find themselves handed off to someone new, often multiple times per year. For populations with deep distrust of healthcare institutions based on lived experience of being failed repeatedly, this turnover is devastating.

Pair Team's approach creates sustainable careers for community health workers, which they call Lead Care Managers to signal the professional nature of the role. They receive competitive compensation that recognizes the skilled work they perform and get professional training in motivational interviewing, chronic disease management, behavioral health awareness, and care coordination techniques. They receive clinical supervision from nurses and nurse practitioners who provide guidance on complex situations. They have access to Arc and other technology tools that make their work more effective and less frustrating.

The operational benefits of this approach are substantial and visible in the study results. The 3.3 average program interactions per month sustained over a full year demonstrates that care teams maintain consistent engagement. Lower turnover results in better patient relationships and higher engagement rates. More experienced community health workers can handle complex situations more effectively, reducing the need for escalation to more expensive clinical resources while knowing when escalation is necessary. The interdisciplinary pod structure where community health workers collaborate daily with nurses, behavioral health specialists, and nurse practitioners creates ongoing learning and professional development.

The study data shows that community health workers led the majority of patient interactions—69.7% overall, with behavioral health care managers and other specialists handling another 12.5%, and nurses or nurse practitioners leading 17% of interactions. This demonstrates appropriate task distribution where community health workers handle most ongoing engagement and relationship building, while clinical staff focus on situations requiring medical expertise. For patients with diabetes or hypertension, a higher percentage of interactions involved nurses or

practitioners (25.1% and 21.4% respectively), showing that the model flexibly deploys clinical resources where they are most needed.

This approach also creates a workforce development model that could have implications beyond Pair Team. As community health workers gain experience and training in Pair Team's model, they become valuable talent for other organizations trying to build similar capabilities. This is not a problem—it is an opportunity. Similar to how consulting firms or technology companies create talent ecosystems that benefit entire industries, Pair Team could become known as the training ground for the next generation of community health professionals. This enhances recruiting as ambitious individuals see Pair Team as a place to develop valuable skills.

The economic sustainability of professionalizing community health work depends on creating sufficient value to justify the investment. The JGIM study demonstrates that Pair Team has achieved exactly this. The clinical outcomes and utilization reductions show that well-trained, well-supported, consistently engaged community health workers working in interdisciplinary teams can transform outcomes for the most complex patients. The question is not whether this investment is worthwhile—the results prove it is—but rather how to scale it effectively as the business grows.

THE MASSIVE MEDICAID TAILWIND

The timing for Pair Team's model could not be better, and understanding the political and market dynamics makes the opportunity even more compelling. Medicaid is undergoing a fundamental transformation toward value-based payment, creating exactly the incentive structures necessary for high-touch care coordination to thrive economically. Multiple powerful trends are converging to create tailwinds that dramatically improve the odds of building a massive, valuable company.

California's CalAIM initiative represents a watershed moment in Medicaid policy. The Enhanced Care Management benefit that Pair Team delivers is not traditional care management with minimal reimbursement—it is designed specifically to fund a kind of intensive, comprehensive care coordination that can actually change outcomes for high-need populations. The state explicitly identified populations of focus

including individuals experiencing homelessness, individuals at risk for avoidable hospital or emergency department utilization, and individuals with serious mental illness. These are precisely the populations Pair Team serves, and the policy infrastructure now exists to fund appropriate interventions.

The financial scale of this opportunity is enormous. Medicaid enrollment exceeded 100 million beneficiaries nationally, with California covering roughly 14 million people on Medi-Cal. High-need patients represent a disproportionate share of spending—10% of beneficiaries with the highest costs account for more than 50% of total Medicaid spending. California's CalAIM initiative has allocated billions of dollars toward Enhanced Care Management and Community Supports. This is not a small pilot program—this is a fundamental restructuring of how Medicaid serves its most vulnerable populations.

Other states are watching California closely and developing similar programs. The lessons learned from CalAIM implementation will inform policy development across the country. States face constant fiscal pressure to manage Medicaid costs while maintaining or improving quality. Solutions that can demonstrably reduce costs while improving outcomes—exactly what Pair Team's JGIM study demonstrates—receive enthusiastic interest from state Medicaid directors and health plan executives. The market opportunity extends far beyond California.

The shift toward Medicaid managed care creates particular opportunities. Most Medicaid beneficiaries are now enrolled in managed care plans that accept financial risk for their covered populations. These plans have direct financial incentives to reduce avoidable utilization and keep patients healthy. They are increasingly willing to contract with organizations like Pair Team that can deliver meaningful impact on their most expensive members. The days of Medicaid being entirely fee-for-service with no incentives for prevention are largely over.

Value-based payment arrangements are becoming more sophisticated and more generous for organizations that can demonstrate outcomes. Early value-based contracts often had risk adjustment methodologies that penalized serving the sickest patients, creating perverse incentives for cherry-picking healthier populations.

Modern contracts increasingly use prospective risk adjustment, quality metrics that reward serving high-need populations effectively, and payment structures that adequately fund intensive interventions. This creates much more favorable economics for models like Pair Team's that genuinely serve the patients with greatest needs.

The regulatory environment is also becoming more flexible and supportive of innovative care models. Section 1115 waivers increasingly allow payment for housing services, food security, and other social determinants of health interventions. California's Community Supports benefit, part of CalAIM, explicitly covers services like housing transition and navigation, medically tailored meals, and respite services. This creates opportunities to fund the community partnerships that are central to Pair Team's model through formal payment mechanisms rather than relying on grants or uncompensated community services.

Technology infrastructure has also matured in ways that make Pair Team's model more feasible. Health Information Exchanges now provide meaningful coverage, allowing care coordinators to see clinical data from across healthcare systems. Admission Discharge Transfer systems alert care teams in real time when patients visit emergency departments or get hospitalized. Telehealth regulations and reimbursement have improved dramatically, making it feasible for nurse practitioners to deliver care via telemedicine. The technology enabling effective care coordination now exists in ways that simply were not available a decade ago.

Perhaps most importantly, there is growing recognition across the Medicaid ecosystem that the status quo is unsustainable. States cannot continue spending billions on emergency department visits and hospital admissions for patients whose primary needs are social rather than medical. Health plans cannot continue operating under the fiction that traditional primary care can meet the needs of patients experiencing homelessness and serious mental illness. Health systems cannot continue cycling the same high-utilizing patients through emergency departments without addressing underlying needs. Everyone in the system is looking for solutions that actually work.

Pair Team's JGIM publication arrives at exactly the right moment. It provides rigorous, peer-reviewed evidence that a comprehensive care model can deliver transformational outcomes for the populations that states and health plans are explicitly trying to serve through CalAIM and similar initiatives. The clinical points align perfectly with policy priorities and payment structures. The operational model has been refined through real-world implementation. The technology platform exists to enable scaling. All of the pieces are in place for rapid growth.

WHY PAIR TEAM WILL DEFINE THE NEXT DECADE OF HEALTHCARE

Pair Team is positioned to become one of the defining healthcare companies of the next decade for several reasons that extend beyond their impressive published clinical outcomes. They have demonstrated operational excellence in one of healthcare's hardest challenges. They have built technology infrastructure that could become industry standard. They have created a model that aligns incentives across multiple stakeholders. They have a sophisticated, experienced team with deep expertise in medicine, operations, technology, and health policy. And they have done all of this in a market segment that is massive, growing rapidly, and desperately in need of innovation.

The operational excellence is particularly important and difficult to replicate. Healthcare is littered with companies that had great ideas but could not execute consistently at scale. Pair Team has proven they can deliver complex care coordination with 94.3% reach rates within 30 days of hospital discharge, maintain patient engagement averaging 3.3 contacts per month over a full year, and achieve transformational clinical outcomes across diverse patient populations. This operational capability is much harder to replicate than technology or strategy alone.

The team itself deserves recognition. The authors of the JGIM study include Lulu Mueller (data science and analytics), Neil Batlivala (operations and implementation), Jonathan Palisoc (health policy), Connie Kim (clinical operations), Andrey Ostrovsky MD (former CMS Chief Medical Officer with deep health policy expertise), Mick

Ong MD PhD (academic physician and researcher from UCLA), and Nathan Fav MD MS (physician executive with dual training in medicine and public health from UC Berkeley). The acknowledgments thank Cassie Choi RN, Co-Founder who developed the intervention, and note contributions from health economists Jessi Juusola PhD and Shefali Kumar MPH.

This is not a team of engineers who decided to tackle healthcare as a technical problem. This is not a team of clinicians without operational or technology experience. This is a uniquely balanced team with deep capabilities across all the dimensions necessary to build a transformational healthcare company: clinical care delivery, operational excellence, technology development, health policy, health economics data analytics. This combination is extraordinarily rare and creates competitive advantages that persist as the company scales.

The technology platform creates multiple paths to value creation and defensibility. Arc is not just a tool for Pair Team's internal operations—it is potentially infrastructure for an entire industry. Companies that build platform infrastructure tend to compound their advantages over time as more organizations build on the platform, creating network effects and switching costs. If Arc becomes the standard platform for coordinating care across medical and social systems, Pair Team's competitive position becomes increasingly strong with every new customer and integration partner.

The stakeholder alignment is unusual and valuable. Patients benefit from better health outcomes, improved quality of life, and more dignified care that treats the whole person rather than collections of diagnoses. Health plans benefit from reduced costs, better quality metrics that affect Star ratings and regulatory compliance, and solutions to their most challenging populations. Healthcare providers benefit from patients who are healthier, better able to engage with primary care, and less likely to use emergency departments inappropriately. Community organizations benefit from sustainable funding that allows them to professionalize their operations and serve more people effectively. States benefit from better Medicaid outcomes, improved sustainability, and progress toward health equity goals.

When a business model creates genuine value for every stakeholder rather than extracting value from some to benefit others, it tends to have remarkable staying power. There is no natural opposition to Pair Team's model because everyone wins. This creates a virtuous cycle where success breeds more success as satisfied stakeholders become advocates who refer more patients, create more partnership opportunities, and support favorable policy development.

The market timing is exceptional and possibly the most important factor. Medicare value-based transformation is accelerating across the country. State budgets are under pressure to control costs while improving outcomes. Health plans are seeking solutions that demonstrably work rather than just more pilots. Technology infrastructure has matured to enable sophisticated data integration. Clinical workforce models are evolving to include community health workers as professional providers. Payment policies are becoming more flexible about covering social services. Regulatory frameworks like CalAIM are explicitly designed to enable models like Pair Team's.

All of these trends favor exactly the model that Pair Team has built and proven effective. They are not fighting uphill against misaligned incentives or hoping policy will change to make their business work. The policy infrastructure already exists: payment mechanisms are in place, the clinical evidence is published, and the market is ready. This is the rare situation where timing, product-market fit, team capabilities, and external conditions all align simultaneously.

The path to building an enormously valuable company is clear. Scale the direct service delivery business across California by contracting with additional Medicaid managed care plans and serving more populations of focus under CalAIM. Expand to other California counties where Enhanced Care Management is being implemented. Demonstrate continued clinical outcomes and economic performance that make Pair Team the obviously superior choice for health plans and states. License Arc to other Enhanced Care Management providers, creating a software revenue stream with high margins. Expand to other states as they implement CalAIM-like programs. Build a definitive platform for care coordination across medical and social systems that becomes industry infrastructure.

Each of these steps is achievable based on what Pair Team has already demonstrated. They are not dependent on unproven assumptions or hoping something fundamental changes about healthcare. The model works clinically, the economics are favorable, the policy environment is supportive, and the team has shown they can execute. This is the recipe for building a truly transformational healthcare company.

THE VENTURE OPPORTUNITY OF THE DECADE

For investors, Pair Team represents several characteristics that define exceptional venture opportunities. Large addressable market with clear pain points and will pay customers. Proven business model with peer-reviewed clinical evidence. Technology platform with potential to scale beyond direct service delivery. Strong market tailwinds from regulatory and payment transformation. Team with demonstrated ability to execute in a complex, challenging environment. Multiple paths to build an enormously valuable company. These elements together create the profile of an investment that could generate exceptional venture-scale returns.

The addressable market is enormous and growing. Medicaid spending on high-needs beneficiaries exceeds \$200 billion annually. California's Medi-Cal program alone covers 14 million people with tens of billions in spending. The Enhanced Care Management benefit under CalAIM creates a direct payment mechanism for exactly the services Pair Team provides. Even capturing a small percentage of this market would create a business with billions in revenue. The total addressable market extends beyond California Medicaid to include other states developing similar programs, Medicare Advantage plans serving dual-eligible beneficiaries, safety-net health systems, and potentially commercial plans serving complex populations.

The business model has been proven to work clinically and shows strong economics. The JGIM study demonstrates that the clinical model achieves transformational outcomes. The unit economics are favorable when serving high-cost patients where intensive intervention generates substantial savings. The Enhanced Care Management payment structure in California provides adequate reimbursement to fund the h

touch care coordination that drives results. This is not a business model that depends on hoping payment rates improve or regulatory barriers disappear—the economic fundamentals work today.

The business model also has multiple revenue streams and paths to profitability. Direct service delivery through Enhanced Care Management contracts with Medicaid managed care plans provides revenue that scales with patient volume. Platform licensing of Arc to other Enhanced Care Management providers, health plans, and care coordination organizations creates software revenue with significantly better gross margins than service delivery. Potential expansion into Community Support services under CalAIM creates additional revenue opportunities. Performance-based payments tied to quality metrics and utilization reductions create upside as the model demonstrates continued effectiveness. This diversification reduces risk and creates multiple paths to building a large, valuable company.

The competitive dynamics are highly favorable. Most care coordination companies have struggled to serve the highest-need populations effectively, creating opportunity for a company that has actually figured out how to make it work. The barriers to entry are substantial—building clinical operations, establishing community partnerships, developing sophisticated technology platforms, and navigating complex payer contracting all require significant capabilities that take years to develop. Once Pair Team establishes relationships with Medicaid managed care plans in specific markets, replicating their model would require competitors to build equivalent capabilities and convince plans to switch, which is difficult when Pair Team is delivering strong outcomes.

The technology platform creates particularly strong competitive moats. Arc requires substantial investment to build and represents accumulated operational knowledge about what actually works in care coordination. The data integrations with Health Information Exchanges, Admission Discharge Transfer systems, and community organizations take time and relationship building to establish. As more organizations use Arc, the platform becomes more valuable through network effects—more users generate more data that improves the AI algorithms, more integrations make the

platform more useful, and more case studies demonstrate value. These dynamics create compounding competitive advantages that strengthen over time.

The exit opportunities are multiple and attractive. Strategic acquirers could include national health plans like Centene, Molina, or UnitedHealthcare that manage Medicaid contracts and would benefit from owning this capability rather than contracting for it. Health systems serving safety-net populations like CommonSpirit Health or Intermountain Healthcare could acquire Pair Team to strengthen their ability to manage value-based contracts. Technology companies like Epic or Cerner wanting to move into care delivery could see Pair Team as an entry point. Large physician practice groups or urgent care chains could acquire Pair Team to expand into complex care management.

The financial profile could support an eventual IPO if the company reaches sufficient scale and profitability. The combination of service revenue and platform licensing creates a hybrid financial model that public market investors find attractive—recurring revenue, clear path to profitability, large addressable market, and strong growth potential. Companies like Oak Street Health and Agilon Health have demonstrated that public markets reward well-executed models serving complex populations when there is clear evidence of clinical outcomes and economic sustainability.

Private equity firms focused on healthcare services would likely be very interested in this business with recurring revenue, demonstrated unit economics, and opportunities to scale through acquiring smaller competitors or entering new markets. The growth equity market is particularly active in healthcare and would find Pair Team attractive as the company reaches later stages. This creates multiple potential exit paths depending on how the company evolves and what opportunities emerge.

The impact dimension compounds the investment thesis in important ways. Investors can feel genuinely good about building a company that dramatically improves health outcomes for some of America's most vulnerable populations while also generating attractive financial returns. This impact orientation helps with recruiting top clinical talent who want their work to matter beyond just shareholder returns. It creates

goodwill with policymakers and potential customers in ways that benefit the business. It maintains team motivation through the inevitable challenges of building a healthcare company.

The impact also creates strategic advantages in policy and regulatory processes. Medicaid agencies and health plans are not just looking for vendors—they are looking for partners who genuinely care about improving outcomes for vulnerable populations. Pair Team's track record of serving patients experiencing homelessness, serious mental illness, and profound social complexity demonstrates authentic commitment that creates trust with policymakers. This trust translates into more favorable contract terms, earlier access to new opportunities as programs expand, and willingness from states to structure payment mechanisms that support the model.

The team's background and expertise make them particularly well-positioned to capitalize on these opportunities. Having Andrey Ostrovsky, former CMS Chief Medical Officer, involved provides deep understanding of Medicaid policy and relationships with key decision-makers across states. The combination of practicing physicians, public health expertise, health policy knowledge, operational excellence, and technology development is extraordinarily rare. This team can speak credibly to clinicians, policymakers, health plan executives, and investors because they have expertise across all these domains.

From a venture capital perspective, the key insight is that Pair Team sits at the intersection of massive market need, proven clinical model, favorable policy environment, and scarce execution capability. Markets reward companies that solve hard problems that matter, and Pair Team has demonstrably solved one of healthcare's hardest problems. The JGIM publication transforms this from a promising idea to a proven fact, dramatically reducing execution risk for investors.

The valuation opportunity is substantial because the market is not yet fully pricing the platform potential of Arc. If investors view Pair Team purely as a services business, the valuation would be reasonable but not extraordinary. However, when they recognize that Arc could become infrastructure for an entire industry of care coordination providers, the valuation implications change dramatically. Platform

businesses command much higher valuations than service businesses because of margins, faster scaling, and stronger competitive positions.

The strategic timing for investment is excellent. Early enough that there is enormous upside as the company scales across California and expands to other states. Late enough that the model has been proven and de-risked through peer-reviewed publication and operational track record. The Enhanced Care Management benefit under CalAIM is still in relatively early stages of implementation, meaning Pair can capture significant market share before competition intensifies. This is the sweet spot where risk-adjusted returns are most attractive.

CONCLUSION

Pair Team's publication in the Journal of General Internal Medicine will be remembered as a pivotal moment in healthcare delivery transformation. The clinical outcomes—52% reduction in emergency department visits, 26% reduction in hospital admissions, 21% increase in outpatient visits, meaningful improvements in mental health—demonstrate conclusively that high-touch care coordination can work for most complex patients when designed and executed properly. But the real story is not just what Pair Team has achieved clinically. It is what they have built operationally and technologically to make these outcomes sustainable, scalable, and economically viable.

The three core innovations—treating community organizations as paid partners, deploying clinical teams into communities, and building Arc as platform infrastructure—represent genuine breakthroughs in how care coordination works. These are not marginal improvements on existing models. They are fundamental reconceptualizations of how to deliver comprehensive care to patients whose needs exceed what traditional healthcare can provide. Each innovation alone would be valuable. Together, they create a care model that is clinically effective, operationally sustainable, and economically viable at scale.

The market opportunity is extraordinary and the timing is perfect. California's CalAIM initiative creates exactly the right payment structures and policy framework

States across the country are watching and developing similar programs. Medicare managed care plans are desperate for solutions that demonstrably work. The addressable market measures in the tens of billions of dollars. Technology infrastructure has matured to make sophisticated care coordination possible. Regulatory flexibility is increasing. Workforce models are evolving. Every trend is the model that Pair Team has proven effective.

The peer-reviewed publication provides credibility that marketing can never replicate and transforms the conversation from "does this work?" to "how do we implement this?" For health plans considering contracts, the JGIM study provides evidence Pair Team can deliver on their promises. For state Medicaid agencies designing programs, it demonstrates what is possible when you adequately fund comprehensive care coordination. For other care coordination providers, it shows the bar for what an effective intervention looks like. For investors, it substantially reduces execution risk by proving the clinical model works.

What makes this moment particularly exciting is watching all the pieces come together simultaneously. The clinical model has been proven. The operational capabilities have been demonstrated. The technology platform has been built. The regulatory policy environment is supportive. The payment mechanisms exist. The market is ready. The team has the expertise to execute. These conditions rarely align so perfectly, and when they do, extraordinary value creation becomes possible.

For healthcare entrepreneurs, Pair Team demonstrates several crucial lessons about building transformational healthcare companies. Clinical credibility through peer-reviewed research creates opportunities that no amount of marketing can replicate. Technology platform development alongside service delivery creates multiple paths to value creation and stronger competitive positions. Building genuine operational excellence in complex care delivery creates moats that are difficult to replicate because they require accumulated knowledge and relationship building. Aligning incentives across multiple stakeholders creates business models with staying power because everyone wins.

The venture opportunity is clear and compelling. Large market with clear pain points and willing customers. Proven model with peer-reviewed evidence. Strong team with diverse expertise. Favorable policy environment and payment structures. Technology platform with potential to become industry infrastructure. Multiple paths to build an enormously valuable company. This is exactly the profile that generates exceptional returns while creating meaningful social impact.

The patients who have been underserved by fragmented, episodic healthcare finally have a model designed around their actual needs rather than asking them to navigate systems never built for their circumstances. The health plans and states managing Medicaid programs finally have a solution that delivers meaningful outcomes and favorable economics rather than more pilots that show modest results. The investors seeking opportunities to build consequential companies while generating attractive returns have found a compelling thesis with multiple paths to success. And the healthcare industry has proof that we can do dramatically better for our most vulnerable populations when we commit to building the right infrastructure and supporting it with the right technology.

Pair Team is not just solving a healthcare problem—they are creating the template for how care delivery will work for complex populations for the next decade and beyond. The JGIM publication provides the clinical evidence. The operational track record proves the execution capability. The technology platform creates scalability and defensibility. The policy environment is supportive. The market opportunity is massive and growing. The team has demonstrated they can execute on a complex multifaceted vision.

This is what a transformational healthcare company looks like in its early stages—a company with a clever idea hoping something about healthcare changes to make their business work. Not a company with impressive technology searching for product-market fit. Not a company with clinical credentials but no operational capability. Pair Team has proven clinical outcomes, demonstrated operational excellence, built platform technology, secured favorable policy environment, and assembled a team with expertise across all necessary dimensions.

The next few years will determine whether Pair Team fulfills this enormous potential but the foundation they have built suggests they are exceptionally well-positioned to do exactly that. The clinical model works. The economics are favorable. The political support exists. The technology platform creates leverage. The team can execute. The market is ready. All of the pieces are in place for Pair Team to become one of the defining healthcare companies of the next decade, transforming how America cares for its most vulnerable populations while building extraordinary value for all stakeholders.

This is the kind of company that reminds us why healthcare entrepreneurship matters. Not just because there are profits to be made, though the financial opportunity is substantial. But because solving hard problems that improve lives at scale represents entrepreneurship at its best. Pair Team has shown us what is possible when clinical excellence, operational capability, technology innovation, and political alignment come together. The 568 patients in their study are just the beginning. Millions of Americans with complex needs deserve this level of care, and Pair Team has proven it can be delivered effectively. That is a vision worth building, investing in, and supporting as it scales to reach everyone who needs it.

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